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Description 9

Claim(s)

Abstract

Drawing(s) 1 + 1

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Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

Request for substantive examination  
(Patents Form 10/77)

Any other documents  
(please specify)

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature *Murgitroyd*  
Murgitroyd & Company

Date  
7 March 2002

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

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1        Water Filter and Treatment Units

2        The present invention relates to water filter and  
3        treatment units for use in host water treatment  
4        apparatus.

5        In the production of treated and/or purified water,  
6        for example ultra-pure water for laboratory use,  
7        several components are generally used in conjunction  
8        to provide the desired water quality. Some of these  
9        components may be used in parallel or in series, and  
10       some are more critical than others to the final  
11       water quality. Nevertheless, the full and correct  
12       performance of all the components is generally  
13       essential to guarantee the treated water quality.

14       To ensure that the final water quality is of the  
15       required standard, quality monitors are usually  
16       installed either within or external to the water  
17       purification unit to monitor key water parameters on  
18       an ongoing basis. Typically these will include, but  
19       are not limited to, resistivity, conductivity,

1       temperature, Total Organic Carbon (TOC), flow rate,  
2       etc.

3  
4       Notwithstanding the above monitoring, for certain  
5       applications, industry regulations require  
6       traceability of components that affect the final  
7       water quality. Typically, this information is  
8       required by companies producing pharmaceuticals or  
9       similar products. Currently, this is generally  
10      carried out by manual logging of component  
11      information.

12  
13      Meanwhile, components can often be installed and/or  
14      used in more than one position in a water treatment  
15      apparatus. In other situations, optimum performance  
16      of the apparatus can be obtained by using the  
17      components in different positions at different  
18      instances. However, incorrect performance and/or  
19      positioning cannot currently be prevented, which may  
20      seriously undermine the water quality and  
21      production.

22  
23      Additionally, it is a desire to know how much  
24      capacity or operational lifetime is retained within  
25      a component. However, as most components are sealed  
26      units, this is impossible to forecast before the  
27      component suddenly expires or breaks down, again  
28      potentially significantly affecting the water  
29      production. This may cause inconvenience to the  
30      user who would often prefer to schedule component  
31      changes at specific times.

1 It is an intention of the present invention to  
2 obviate the above disadvantages.  
3 Thus, according to one aspect of the present  
4 invention, there is provided a water treatment  
5 component for use in a host water treatment  
6 apparatus, wherein the component has an electronic  
7 circuit which can co-operate with an electronic  
8 circuit in the host apparatus.  
9

10 The co-operation may be one way, either from unit to  
11 host or vice versa, or two-way.  
12

13 The component circuit and host circuit can  
14 communicate via radio, infrared, or any other  
15 transmittable waveforms including optical and  
16 magnetic contact. Preferably, the circuits  
17 communicate by physical electrical contact for  
18 maximum robustness of connection, and to minimise  
19 interference by other means of communication.  
20 Preferably co-operation of the circuits is only  
21 possible when the communication is correctly  
22 created, and this is only achieved when the  
23 component is correctly installed and/or fitted with  
24 the host apparatus.  
25

26 Each electronic circuit preferably includes a memory  
27 capacity and a capability to read/interrogate the  
28 other electrical circuit. The electrical circuit in  
29 the host apparatus is preferably a central  
30 processor, and the electrical circuit in the  
31 component is preferably a data chip, e.g. a  
32 microchip such as well known in the art.

1  
2     The electronic circuit of the component is  
3     preferably integral with the component, and more  
4     preferably, is formed integrally with the component  
5     during the component manufacture. The electronic  
6     circuit is preferably embedded into or mounted onto  
7     the component.

8  
9     The electronic circuit of the component preferably  
10    includes a database having relevant data relating to  
11    that component such as validation information,  
12    process information, and/or manufacturing  
13    information. Typical information includes, but is  
14    not limited to, date of manufacture, date of  
15    testing, operator, cartridge type, media type(s),  
16    media volumes, media lot numbers, quality control  
17    details, and possibly a unique reference code.

18  
19    The data of the component electronic circuit could  
20    be encrypted.

21  
22    According to one embodiment of the present  
23    invention, the electronic circuit of the component  
24    provides an enablement signal to the electronic  
25    circuit of the host apparatus, and/or vice versa.

26  
27    The enablement signal may include means for the  
28    component or host to control the other part.  
29    Preferably, the unit and host inter-co-operate.

30  
31    Information that can be communicated between the  
32    electronic circuits of the component and host

1 generally include validation information, production  
2 information and/or manufacturing information. Such  
3 information in the unit could be accessed from the  
4 host apparatus and be displayed by the host  
5 apparatus.

6

7 If necessary or desired, the same information in the  
8 unit could be accessed via a separate reader device  
9 or otherwise communicated to a remote reader, for  
10 analysis and/or display.

11

12 In typical operation, the electronic circuit of the  
13 component includes at least a data tag, and the  
14 presence of the data tag is identified by the  
15 electronic circuit of the host apparatus upon  
16 correct fitment and/or installation of the  
17 component, which creates a two-way communication  
18 protocol. The host apparatus can then upload  
19 relevant data from the data tag, etc. and the  
20 component's circuit can download the relevant  
21 information from the host unit.

22

23 In another embodiment of the present invention, lack  
24 of co-operation between the electronic circuit of  
25 the component and electronic circuit of the unit  
26 indicates the incorrect fitment and/or installation  
27 of the component with the unit, or incorrect  
28 location of a component on a host apparatus where  
29 more than location is possible.

30

31 In another embodiment of the present invention, the  
32 lack of co-operation between the electronic circuit

1 of the component and the electronic circuit of the  
2 unit identifies incorrect operation of the component  
3 and/or host apparatus, e.g. a water leak.

4

5 The present invention extends to the combination of  
6 a water treatment component as hereinbefore defined  
7 with a host water treatment apparatus having a  
8 co-operable electronic circuit.

9

10 In a further embodiment of the present invention the  
11 water treatment component of the present invention  
12 is a consumable and/or replacement unit. This  
13 includes water treatment units containing ion  
14 exchange resins, filters, media, etc.

15

16 According to a yet further embodiment of the present  
17 invention the water treatment component of the  
18 present invention is an operational unit. Such  
19 operational units include means to sanitise and/or  
20 clean e.g. by way of disinfection and/or chemical  
21 cleaning, one or more parts of the host apparatus.  
22 This may be by means of a component that contains  
23 the sanitant or by the fitment of dummy components  
24 in place of components that may be damaged by the  
25 sanitant.

26

27 The present invention provides the benefits of  
28 electrical co-operation and data tagging. These  
29 include one or more of correct  
30 installation/fitting/use of components, correct  
31 location of relevant components in a host apparatus,  
32 error-free transfer of information of component

1      origins and/or history, automatic start and/or use  
2      of components such as sanitisation units, and  
3      prevention of incorrect components, such as half-  
4      used components, and out of date or inappropriate  
5      components.

6      An embodiment of the present invention will now be  
7      described by way of example only, and with reference  
8      to the accompanying and diagrammatic Fig. 1 showing  
9      a water treatment component and host water treatment  
10     apparatus according to one embodiment of the present  
11     invention.

12  
13     Referring to Fig. 1, there is shown a water  
14     treatment component 2 and a host water treatment  
15     apparatus 4. The component 2 has an embedded  
16     microchip 6, which can co-operate with an electronic  
17     interface 8 on the host apparatus 4. The remaining  
18     part of the electronic circuitry in the host  
19     apparatus 4 is not shown.

20  
21     The component 2 includes inlet and outlet water  
22     ports 10a,12a, to fit with complementary inlet and  
23     outlet water ports 10b,12b on the host apparatus.

24  
25     The host apparatus includes a purified water outlet  
26     14, and an electronic display 16.

27  
28     The host apparatus 4 is a water purification unit,  
29     and the component 2 is a consumable resin cartridge.

30  
31     The microchip 6 includes a database retaining  
32     product master records including date of manufacture

1 of the component 2, date of testing, operator,  
2 cartridge type, media type (within the component),  
3 media volume, media lot numbers, quality control  
4 details, and a unique reference code. Only the  
5 correct installation and fitting of the component 2  
6 within the opening in the host apparatus 4, allows  
7 the microchip 6 to engage and co-operate with the  
8 interface 8 on the host unit 4.

9

10 Once the component 2 is fitted correctly, the  
11 electronic circuitry in the host apparatus  
12 identifies the presence of a data tag on the  
13 component 2, such that a two-way communication  
14 protocol is established. Once communication has  
15 been made, the host apparatus 4 can upload relevant  
16 data from the microchip data tag 6, and the micro  
17 chip data tag 6 can download relevant information  
18 from the host apparatus 4. The information uploaded  
19 to the host apparatus includes performance  
20 validation criteria such as lot numbers, dates and  
21 content type and property. Information which is  
22 downloaded into the microchip data tag 6 includes  
23 date of commencement of operation and volume of  
24 water used on an ongoing basis. The combination of  
25 this information allows improvement in determination  
26 of consumable lifetime.

27

28 Some or all of this information could be displayed  
29 on the display 16 on the host apparatus 4. This  
30 could include visual warning of any incorrect  
31 operation, or end of life-time of the component 2.

32

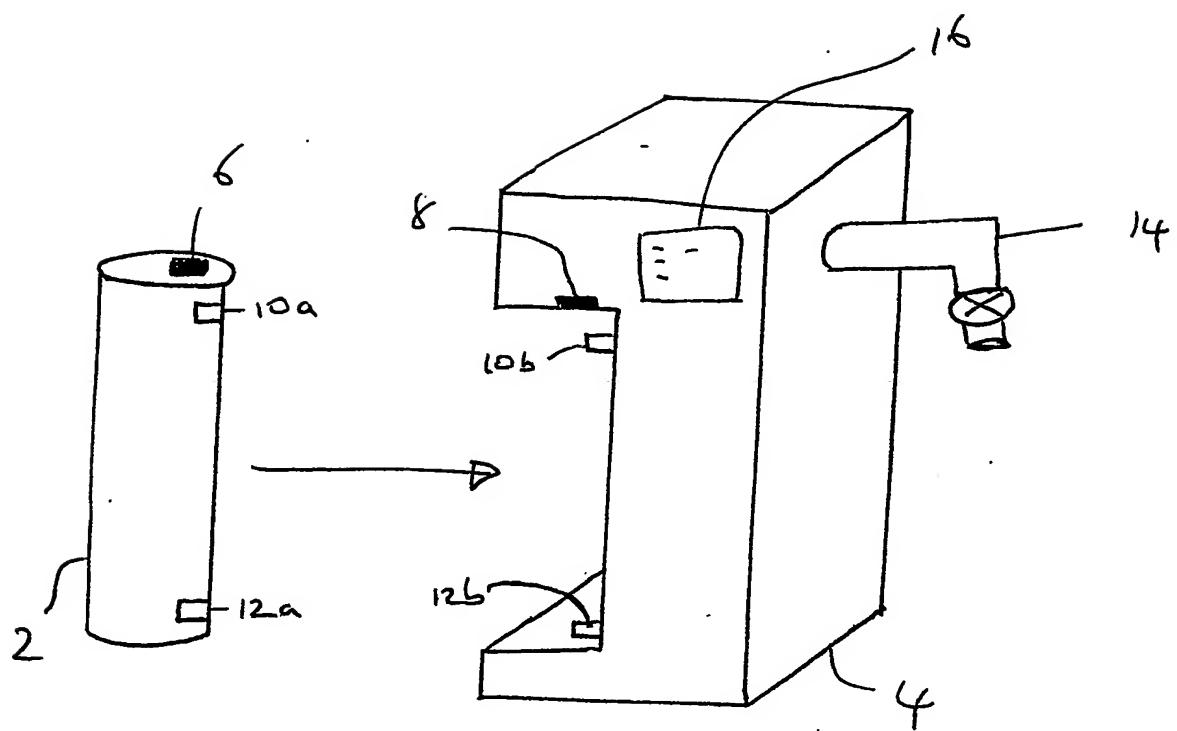
1 Because the host apparatus electronic circuitry can  
2 identify the presence, or not, of a data tag, it can  
3 be used to prevent leaks from the apparatus 4, in  
4 that if a component is not fitted correctly with its  
5 data tag in place, then the apparatus 4 will not  
6 operate and thus prevent leaks occurring.

7  
8 Moreover, if the component 2 could be fitted in more  
9 than one opening in the host apparatus 4, incorrect  
10 fitment of the component 2 in the wrong position  
11 could be prevented due to the unique identifier code  
12 on each data tag.

13  
14 The memory in the host apparatus electronic  
15 circuitry could also detect if a particular data tag  
16 has been previously used in a particular position,  
17 and hence also prevent a situation where optimum  
18 performance is not obtained. Furthermore, if  
19 certain changes to the configuration of components  
20 is required prior to carrying out such functions as  
21 sanitisation then this configuration can be  
22 ascertained prior to entering that mode.

23  
24 The present provides a number of clear advantages,  
25 including increased automation of information  
26 logging, prevention of use of components in an  
27 un-optimised manner, greater user awareness of  
28 remaining operational life time of components, and  
29 prevention of mis-connection/mis-installation which  
30 could compromise final water quality, etc.

fig 1



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